Managing herbage allowance of natural grasslands for sustainable superfine wool production in Uruguay

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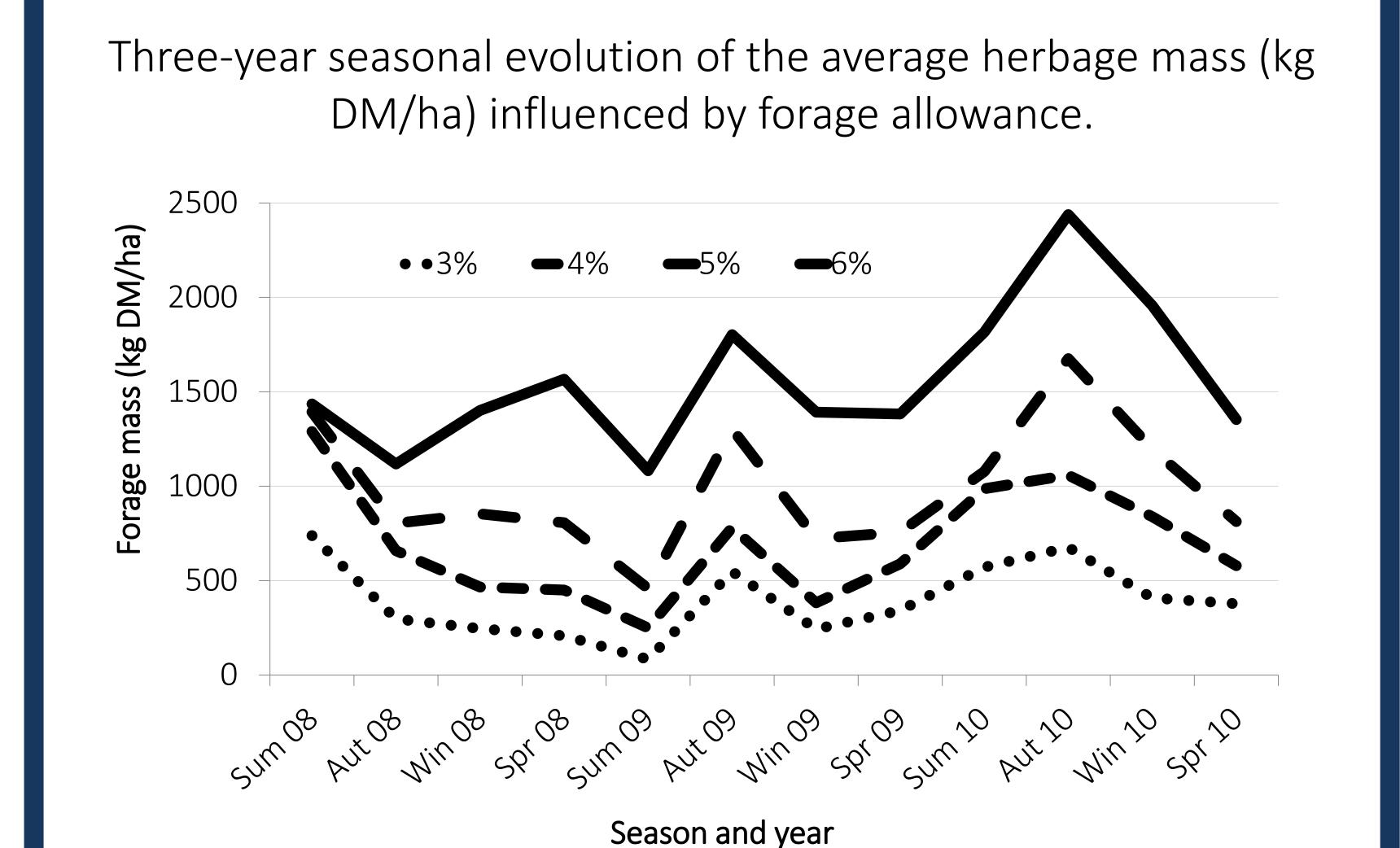
Introduction

It is possible to couple an optimum pasture growth and quality with satisfactory animal production when using adequate levels of pasture utilization. During a three-year period, the present study evaluated the effect of different herbage allowances of native grasslands on wool production and quality and sheep carrying capacity.



Materials and methods

- Four (3, 4, 5, and 6% body weight; BW) herbage allowances were evaluated during a three year period.
- Six mature Merino wethers were allocated to each herbage allowance on the basis of their body weight and breeding values for clean fleece weight and fibre diameter.
- Herbage allowance was monthly adjusted by including or excluding additional wethers considering forage mass, daily pasture growth and fasten body weight of each treatment.



Effect of herbage allowance on fasted body weight and condition score at shearing (September) and on fleece weight and wool traits (mean±s.e.).

	Herbage allowance (kgDM/100 kg BW)			
Trait	3	4	5	6
Body weight (kg)	49.1±1.2 b	48.5±1.3 b	49.9±1.3 ab	53.4±1.3 a
Condition score (units)	2.8±0.1 b	2.9±0.1 b	3.0±0.1 ab	3.2±0.1 ^a
Fleece weight (kg)	3.72±0.12	3.90±0.13	3.98±0.12	3.91±0.12
Fibre diameter (μ)	16.3±0.3	16.4±0.3	16.5±0.3	16.5±0.3
Staple length (cm)	7.8±0.2	7.9±0.2	8.5±0.2	8.5±0.3

^{ab}Means within rows with differing letter are significantly different (P < 0.05). No interaction treatment and year was detected.





Conclusions

- 1. The use of herbage allowances of 6% BW on native grasslands in the Basaltic soils of Uruguay may promote a sustainable superfine wool production with a potential larger carrying capacity than smaller herbage allowances.
- 2. At herbage allowances of 6% BW or more, we expect that the inclusion of mixed grazing with cattle will further improve animal and pasture sustainable production by complementary grazing behavior and pastures utilization.

